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# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Trifluoroacetic Acid

# 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : Trifluoroacetic Acid

: Acetic acid, 2,2,2-trifluoro-; Acetic acid, trifluoro-Synonym

: C2-H-F3-O2

Supplier : Thermo Fisher Scientific

Manufacturer : Thermo Fisher Scientific Pierce Biotechnology Pierce Biotechnology P.O. Box 117 P.O. Box 117 Rockford, IL 61105 Rockford, IL 61105 **United States United States** 815.968.0747 or 815.968.0747 or 800.874.3723 800.874.3723

Code : 0028901 0028902 0028903 0028903B 0028904 0028904B 0085183 1873080 1873960

MSDS# 0600 Validation date : 10/19/2012. : 10/19/2012. Print date

Responsible name MSDS (Regulatory Specialist)

> CHEMTREC: Material uses Refer to the instruction 800.424.9300 booklet for proper and **OUTSIDE US:** intended use. Otherwise, 703.527.3887 contact supplier for specific applications.

not get in eyes. Do not get on skin. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

: Liquid. Product type

# 2. Hazards identification

**Emergency overview** 

Physical state : Liquid. [Fuming liquid.]

Color : Colorless. Odor : Pungent. [Strong] Signal word : DANGER!

**Hazard statements** : CAUSES SEVERE RESPIRATORY TRACT, DIGESTIVE TRACT, EYE AND SKIN

BURNS. CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

: Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after handling.

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. Routes of entry

Potential acute health effects

Precautionary measures

Inhalation : Severely corrosive to the respiratory system.

: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes severe burns. Ingestion

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Trifluoroacetic Acid

# 2. Hazards identification

Skin : Severely corrosive to the skin. Causes severe burns Eves : Severely corrosive to the eyes. Causes severe burns.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Target organs** : Causes damage to the following organs: mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract,

May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

stomach pains

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eyes

watering redness

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at **Medical conditions** 

aggravated by overrisk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### **United States**

Name	CAS number	%
trifluoroacetic acid	76-05-1	98 - 100

#### Canada

Name	CAS number	%
trifluoroacetic acid	76-05-1	98 - 100

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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#### 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if Inhalation

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist Notes to physician

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Special remarks on fire hazards

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Emits toxic and corrosive fumes of carbonyl halides and halogen acids under fire conditions. The substance decomposes on contact with hot surfaces or flames producing toxic fumes.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from

entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8)

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains **Environmental precautions** 

and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

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## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Storage

: Store between the following temperatures: 20 to 25°C (68 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits No exposure limit value known.

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### **Engineering measures**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Personal protection

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

Eyes

Skin

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [Fuming liquid.]

Flash point : [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Color : Colorless. Odor : Pungent. [Strong] Molecular weight : 114.03 g/mole Molecular formula : C2-H-F3-O2 : 1

Boiling/condensation point : 72°C (161.6°F) Melting/freezing point : -15°C (5°F) Relative density : 1.5

Vapor pressure : 11 kPa (82.5 mm Hg) [20°C]

: 3.9 [Air = 1] Vapor density

Viscosity : Dvnamic: 0.813 mPa·s (0.813 cP)

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

Hazardous decomposition

products

Possibility of hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

Irritation/Corrosion

Chronic toxicity

Trifluoroacetic Acid

**United States** 

Acute toxicity

trifluoroacetic acid

Product/ingredient name

Conclusion/Summary

Conclusion/Summary

11. Toxicological information

Result

LDLo Oral

: Not available.

: Not available.

: Not available.

: Not available

LC50 Inhalation Vapor

LC50 Inhalation Vapor

: Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 13500 mg/m3

inhalation may cause chronic bronchitis.

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 10 gm/m3

LD50 Intravenous

LDLo Intraperitoneal

Conclusion/Summary

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH** IARC **EPA** NIOSH NTP OSHA trifluoroacetic acid None.

Species

Rat

Rat

Rat

Inhalation, rat: TCLo = 400 mg/m3 / 4 hours / 22 weeks intermittent

Mouse

Mouse

: Inhalation of the fumes may cause lung edema. Effects may be delayed. Repeated

Dose

10 mg/L

5000 ppm

1200 mg/kg

150 mg/kg

500 mg/kg

Exposure

4 hours

4 hours

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Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Laboratory experiments have shown mutagenic effects. Not mutagenic in Ames test.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
trifluoroacetic acid	-	-	Positive	Rat - Female	Oral: 1650 mg/ kg During Pregnancy	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Laboratory experiments have shown reproductive effects.

### Canada

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#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
trifluoroacetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Intravenous LDLo Intraperitoneal LDLo Oral	Rat Mouse Mouse	10 mg/L 5000 ppm 1200 mg/kg 150 mg/kg 500 mg/kg	4 hours 4 hours - -

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# 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 13500 mg/m3

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 10 gm/m3

Inhalation, rat: TCLo = 400 mg/m3 / 4 hours / 22 weeks intermittent

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Inhalation of the fumes may cause lung edema. Effects may be delayed. Repeated

inhalation may cause chronic bronchitis.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
trifluoroacetic acid	-	-	-	-	-	None.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Laboratory experiments have shown mutagenic effects. Not mutagenic in Ames test.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
trifluoroacetic acid	-	-	Positive	Rat - Female	Oral: 1650 mg/ kg During Pregnancy	-

Conclusion/Summary : Laboratory experiments have shown reproductive effects.

: Not available

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : Not readily biodegradable. This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.

**United States** 

#### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
trifluoroacetic acid	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Canada

#### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
trifluoroacetic acid	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

Persistence/degradability

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# 12. Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary

Trifluoroacetic Acid

Partition coefficient: n-: -2.1

octanol/water

**Bioconcentration factor** 

Toxicity of the products of

biodegradation

: Not available.

: Not available

: The products of biodegradation are as toxic as the original product.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*
DOT Classification	UN2699	TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID	8	Ι
IATA-DGR Class	UN2699	TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID	8	Ι

PG\* : Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

**United States** 

**HCS Classification** 

: Corrosive material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: trifluoroacetic acid

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:

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trifluoroacetic acid: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

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# 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

State regulations

 Massachusetts
 : This material is not listed.

 New York
 : This material is not listed.

 New Jersey
 : This material is listed.

 Pennsylvania
 : This material is not listed.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: This material is listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).

Class E: Corrosive material

**Canadian lists** 

Canadian NPRI : This material is not listed CEPA Toxic substances : This material is not listed

Canada inventory : This material is listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): This material is listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: This material is listed or exempted.

Korea inventory: This material is listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): This material is listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): This material is listed or exempted.

### 16. Other information

Label requirements

: CAUSES SEVERE RESPIRATORY TRACT, DIGESTIVE TRACT, EYE AND SKIN

BURNS. CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection

Association (U.S.A.)

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## 16. Other information



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Prepared by : MSDS (Regulatory Specialist)

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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