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Material Safety Data Sheet

Hydrochloric acid 16-19% or 6N (1:1) Solution

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: (1:1) solution from a 16-19% of Hydrochloric acid and DI Water

Synonyms: Muriatic acid; Chlorohydric acid; Hydrogen chloride in aqueous solution.

VWR Catalog Number(s): 89094-154, 89094-156, 89094-158, 89094-172, 89094-174, 89094-176, 89094-200, 89126-660, 89126-658

Company Identification:

C & G Containers, Inc.
152 Easy Street
Lafayette, LA 70506

For information, call: 337-237-7123

Manufactured For:

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West Chester, PA 19380
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For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

For CANUTEC assistance, call: 613-996-6666

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
7647-01-0	Hydrogen chloride	16-19	231-595-7
7732-18-5	Water	16-19	231-791-2
	Mixture - 50% by Volume of 32-38% HCL diluted to 16-19% with equal volume of ASTM TYPE 1 DI Water		



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Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: clear, colorless to pale yellow liquid.

Danger! Causes eye and skin burns. Causes digestive and respiratory tract burns. May be fatal if inhaled or swallowed. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause erosion of exposed teeth. Corrosive to metal.

Target Organs: Respiratory system, gastrointestinal system, teeth, eyes, skin.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: May cause irreversible eye injury. Vapor or mist may cause irritation and severe burns. Contact with liquid is corrosive to the eyes and causes severe burns.

Skin: Contact with liquid is corrosive and causes severe burns and ulceration. The severity of injury depends on the concentration of the solution and the duration of exposure.

Ingestion: Causes severe digestive tract burns with abdominal pain, vomiting, and possible death. May cause corrosion and permanent tissue destruction of the esophagus and digestive tract.

Inhalation: May be fatal if inhaled. May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract with sore throat, coughing, shortness of breath and delayed lung edema. Causes chemical burns to the respiratory tract. Causes corrosive action on the mucous membranes.

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Repeated exposure may cause erosion of teeth. Repeated exposure to low concentrations of HCl vapor or mist may cause bleeding of nose and gums. Chronic bronchitis and gastritis have also been reported.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical aid immediately.

Skin: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical aid immediately. If victim is fully conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: POISON material. If inhaled, get medical aid immediately. Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Notes to Physician: Do NOT use sodium bicarbonate in an attempt to neutralize the acid.



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Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressuredemand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Not flammable, but reacts with most metals to form flammable hydrogen gas. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Containers may explode when heated.

Extinguishing Media: Substance is noncombustible; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

Flash Point: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Explosion Limits, Lower: Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 3; Flammability: 0; Instability: 1

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Isolate area and deny entry. Provide ventilation. Spill may be carefully neutralized with lime (calcium oxide, CaO). A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Approach spill from upwind entry. Provide ventilation. Spill may be carefully neutralized with lime (calcium oxide, CaO). A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Approach spill from upwind.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Contents may develop pressure upon prolonged storage. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Discard contaminated shoes. Keep away from strong bases and metals. Use caution when opening. Do not use with metal spatula or other metal items. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation or respiratory protection.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Corrosives area. Do not store in metal containers. Store away from alkalis. Separate from oxidizing materials.



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Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits. Use a corrosion-resistant ventilation system.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Water	None Listed	None Listed	None Listed
Hydrochloric acid	2 ppm ceiling	50 ppm IDLH	5 ppm Ceiling; 7 mg/m ³ Ceiling

OSHA Vacated PELs: Water: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.
Hydrogen chloride: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear chemical splash goggles and face shield.

Skin: Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: clear, colorless to pale yellow

Odor: strong, pungent

pH: 0.01

Vapor Pressure: 84 mm Hg @ 20 deg C(35%)

Vapor Density: 1.27 (air=1)

Evaporation Rate:> 1.00 (N-butyl acetate)

Viscosity: Not available.

Boiling Point: 83 deg C @ 760 mmHg

Freezing/Melting Point:-66 deg C

Decomposition Temperature: Not available.

Solubility: Soluble.

Specific Gravity/Density:1.19 (38%)

Molecular Formula:HCl.H₂O

Molecular Weight:36.46

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Metals, strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, bases, acetic anhydride, alcohols, amines, sulfuric acid, vinyl acetate, epoxides (e.g. butyl glycidyl ether), chlorosulfonic acid, carbides, beta-propiolactone, ethyleneimine, propylene oxide, lithium silicides, 2-aminoethanol, 1,1-difluoroethylene, magnesium boride, mercuric sulfate, aldehydes, cyanides, sulfides, phosphides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hydrogen chloride, chlorine, hydrogen gas.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 7732-18-5: ZC0110000

CAS# 7647-01-0: MW4025000; MW4031000

LD50/LC50:

CAS# 7732-18-5:

Oral, rat: LD50 = >90 mL/kg;

.

CAS# 7647-01-0:

Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 1108 ppm/1H;

Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 20487 mg/m³/5M;

Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 3940 mg/m³/30M;

Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 8300 mg/m³/30M;

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 3124 ppm/1H;

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 60938 mg/m³/5M;

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 7004 mg/m³/30M;

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 45000 mg/m³/5M;

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 8300 mg/m³/30M;

Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 900 mg/kg;

.

Inhalation LC50 (aerosol) rat: 8300mg/m³/30M; Oral LDLo Man: 2857 ug/kg; Oral LDLo Woman:

420 uL/kg; Inhalation LCLo Human: 1300 ppm/30M.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 7732-18-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

CAS# 7647-01-0: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No data available.

Teratogenicity: Female rats were exposed to 450 mg/m³ of HCl for 1 hour either prior to mating

or on day 9 of pregnancy. Developmental effects were observed in the offspring.

However, this



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exposure caused toxic effects, including mortality, in the mothers.

Reproductive Effects: No information available.

Mutagenicity: See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

Neurotoxicity: No information available.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Fish: Bluegill/Sunfish: 3.6 mg/L; 48Hr; Lethal (unspecified)Fish: Bluegill/Sunfish: LC50; 96 Hr; pH 3.0-3.5 No data available.

Environmental: Will exhibit extensive evaporation from soil surfaces. Upon transport through the soil, hydrochloric acid will dissolve some of the soil materials (especially those with carbonate bases) and the acid will neutralize to some degree.

Physical: No information available.

Other: No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed.

RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	Hydrochloric Acid	Hydrochloric Acid
Hazard Class:	8	8
UN Number:	UN1789	UN1789
Packing Group:	II	II

Section 15 - Regulatory Information



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US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

CAS# 7647-01-0 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

CAS# 7647-01-0: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

CAS# 7647-01-0: 500 lb TPQ (gas only)

SARA Codes

CAS # 7647-01-0: immediate.

Section 313

This material contains Hydrogen chloride (CAS# 7647-01-0, 32-38%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.

Clean Air Act:

CAS# 7647-01-0 is listed as a hazardous air pollutant (HAP).

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

CAS# 7647-01-0 is listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

CAS# 7647-01-0 is considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 7732-18-5 is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or NJ.

CAS# 7647-01-0 can be found on the following state right to know lists:

California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Symbols:

C

Risk Phrases:

R 34 Causes burns.

R 37 Irritating to respiratory system.

Safety Phrases:



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S 26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 7732-18-5: No information available.

CAS# 7647-01-0: 1

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

CAS# 7647-01-0 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of E, D1A.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS# 7647-01-0 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 7/06/1999 From ThermFishSci

Revision #1 Date: 12/22/2008

Revision #2 Date: 10/30/2009 (added additional Part Numbers in Section 1).

Revision #3 Date: 11/04/2009 (replaced Q part numbers with VWR part numbers in Section 1).

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