

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Hazardous Products Regulation (SOR/2015-17)

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# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### **Product identifier**

Trade name/designation: TMB Liquid 1 Component BIOTECHNOLOGY GRADE

Product No.: none/none Synonymes: CAS No.: not applicable

Other means of identification:

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use: For Further Manufacturing Use Only Not for Human or Animal Drug Use Uses advised against:

# Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

# **Supplier**

# **VWR** International

2360 Argentia Road Street Postal code/City Mississauga, Ontario

Canada L5N 5Z7

+1-800-932-5000 toll-free within US/Canada Telephone

Telefax: +1-610-728-2103



# **Emergency phone number**

Telephone +1-613-996-6666 (Canutec, 24 hrs/day, 7 days/week, Canada)

# **Preparation Information**

VWR International - Product Information Compliance

E-mail sds@vwr.com

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Hazardous Products Regulation (SOR/2015-17)

Hazard classes and hazard categories	Hazard statements
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226
Acute toxicity, category 4, oral, dermal and inhalation	H302+H312+H332
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), category 1	H370

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with (SOR/2015-17)

## **Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.	
H302+H312+H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.	
H370	Causes damage to organs.	

Precautionary	
statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

none/none



# SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous ingredients GHS Classification in accordance with (SOR/2015-17)

Substance name	Concentration	Identifier	Hazard classes and hazard categories
Methanol	10 - 20%	CAS No.: 67-56-1	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
			Acute Tox. 3 - H301
			Eye Irrit. 2 - H319
			Repr. 1B - H360
			STOT SE 2 - H371
			STOT SE 3 - H336
Acetone	5 - 8%	CAS No.: 67-64-1	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
			Eye Irrit. 2 - H319
			STOT SE 3 - H336
3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine dihydrochloride	<= 0.1%	CAS No.: 64285-73-0	Carc. 1B - H350
Hydrogen peroxide	<= 0.1%	CAS No.: 7722-84-1	Ox. Lig. 1 - H271
Trydrogen peroxide	<b>\- 0.1</b> /0	CAS NO.: 7722-04-1	Acute Tox. 4 - H302+H332
			Skin Corr. 1A - H314

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 General information

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If unconscious but breathing normally, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Change contaminated, saturated clothing. Do not leave affected person unattended.

#### In case of inhalation

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

## In case of skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

#### After eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### In case of ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to eat or drink.

#### Self-protection of the first aider

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

## 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

# **SECTION 5: Fire fighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray ABC-powder Carbon dioxide (CO2) Nitrogen

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

no restriction

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In case of fire may be liberated: Pyrolysis products, toxic

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

#### **Additional information**

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen.

Use water spray/stream to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.

In case of fire: Evacuate area.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protection equipment. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product. In case of major fire and large quantities: Remove persons to safety. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product must never be returned to the original container for recycling. Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Additional information

Clear spills immediately.



# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

All work processes must always be designed so that the following is as low as possible:

Inhalation

skin contact

Eye contact

Use extractor hood (laboratory).

If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area must be ventilated by technical means.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Recommended storage temperature: Store between 2 °C and 8 °C.

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep/Store only in original container.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredient	Regulatory	Country	Limit value type	Limit value
(Designation)	information		(country of origin)	
Methanol	CNESST	CA	VECD	328 mg/m³ - 250 ppm
Methanol	CNESST	CA	VEMP	262 mg/m³ - 200 ppm
Acetone	CNESST	CA	VECD	2380 mg/m³ - 1000 ppm
Acetone	CNESST	CA	VEMP	1190 mg/m³ - 500 ppm
Hydrogen peroxide	CNESST	CA	VEMP	1.4 mg/m³ - 1 ppm

## 8.2 Engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

## Personal protection equipment (PPE)

Wear suitable protective clothing. When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing must be worn.

Eye/face protection

Eye glasses with side protection

Skin protection

Wear suitable gloves. When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use.



## By short-term hand contact

Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: 0,30 mm
Breakthrough time:: > 480 min

# By long-term hand contact

Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: 0,30 mm

Breakthrough time:: > 480 min

#### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

## Additional information

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously.

Environmental exposure controls no data available



# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Appearance

Physical state: liquid

Color: colorless to light yellow (b) Odour: no data available (c) Odour threshold: no data available

# Safety relevant basic data

(d) pH: no data available
(e) Melting point/freezing point: no data available
(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available
(g) Flash point: no data available
(h) Evaporation rate: no data available

(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Flammable liquid and vapor.

(j) Flammability or explosive limits

Lower explosion limit:
Upper explosion limit:
no data available
(k) Vapour pressure:
no data available
(l) Vapour density:
no data available
(m) Relative density:
no data available

(n) Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (g/L):
Soluble (g/L) in Ethanol:
no data available
(o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:
no data available
(p) Auto-ignition temperature:
no data available
(q) Decomposition temperature:
no data available

(r) Viscosity

Kinematic viscosity: no data available
Dynamic viscosity: no data available
(s) Explosive properties: not applicable
(t) Oxidising properties: not applicable

## 9.2 Other information

Bulk density: no data available
Refraction index: no data available
Dissociation constant: no data available
Surface tension: no data available
Henry's Law Constant: no data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity



## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

#### 10.7 Additional information

no data available

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute effects**

Acute oral toxicity:

Methanol - LD50: > 5628 mg/kg - Rat - (IUCLID)

Methanol - LDLo: > 143 mg/kg - Human - (RTECS)

Acetone - LD50: > 5800 mg/kg - Rat - (RTECS)

Hydrogen peroxide - LD50: < 1193 mg/kg - Rat - (CHP)

Acute dermal toxicity:

Methanol - LD50: > 15800 mg/kg - Rabbit

Acetone - LD50: > 20000 mg/kg - Rabbit - (IUCLID)

Hydrogen peroxide - LD50: 2000 mg/kg - Rabbit - (IUCLID)

Acute inhalation toxicity:

Methanol - TCLo: > 160 ppm (4h) - Human

Acetone - LC50: > 76 mg/l (4h) - Rat

Hydrogen peroxide - LC50: 2 g/m3 - Rat - (National Library of Medicine ChemID Plus (NLM CIP))



#### Irritant and corrosive effects

Primary irritation to the skin:

not applicable

Irritation to eyes:

not applicable

Irritation to respiratory tract:

not applicable

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

In case of skin contact: not sensitising In case of inhalation: not sensitising

## STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

not applicable

# CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

#### Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

no data available	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA

## Germ cell mutagenicity

No indications of human germ cell mutagenicity exist.

## Reproductive toxicity

No indications of human reproductive toxicity exist.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

not applicable

## Other adverse effects



#### **Additional information**

no data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Ecotoxicity

#### Fish toxicity:

Methanol - LC50: 24000 mg/l (96 h) - Poirier, S.H., M.L. Knuth, C.D. Anderson-Buchou, L.T. Brooke, A.R. Lima, and P.J. Shubat 1986. Comparative Toxicity of Methanol and N,N-Dimethylformamide to Freshwater Fish and Invertebrates. Bull.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 37(4):615-621

Acetone - LC50: 8300 mg/l (96 h) - Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8

Hydrogen peroxide - LC50: 24.4 mg/l (96 h) - Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C.

#### Daphnia toxicity:

Methanol - LC50: 3290 mg/l (48 h) - Guilhermino, L., T. Diamantino, M.C. Silva, and A.M.V.M. Soares 2000. Acute Toxicity Test with Daphnia magna: An Alternative to Mammals in the Prescreening of Chemical Toxicity?. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 46(3):357-362

Methanol - EC50: 24500 mg/l (48 h) - Randall, T.L., and P.V. Knopp 1980. Detoxification of Specific Organic Substances by Wet Oxidation. J.Water Pollut.Control Fed. 52(8):2117-2130

Acetone - EC50: 18500 mg/l (48 h) - Randall, T.L., and P.V. Knopp 1980. Detoxification of Specific Organic Substances by Wet Oxidation. J.Water Pollut.Control Fed. 52(8):2117-2130

Acetone - LC50: 8450 mg/l (48 h) - Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217

Hydrogen peroxide - EC50: 13.2 mg/l (48 h) - Watanabe, H., E. Takahashi, Y. Nakamura, S. Oda, N. Tatarazako, and T. Iguchi 2007. Development of a Daphnia magna DNA Microarray for Evaluating the Toxicity of Environmental Chemicals. Environ.Toxicol.Chem. 26(4):669-676

#### Algae toxicity:

Acetone - EC50: 7200 mg/l (96 h) - Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA:25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)

Hydrogen peroxide - EC50: 3.36 mg/l (72 h) - Smit, M.G.D., E. Ebbens, R.G. Jak, and M.A.J. Huijbregts 2008. Time and Concentration Dependency in the Potentially Affected Fraction of Species: The Case of Hydrogen Peroxide Treatment of Ballast Water. Environ. Toxicol. Chem. 27(3):746-753

Hydrogen peroxide - EC50: 5.74 mg/l (96 h) - Gregor, J., D. Jancula, and B. Marsalek 2008. Growth Assays with Mixed Cultures of Cyanobacteria and Algae Assessed by In Vivo Fluorescence: One Step Closer to Real Ecosystems?. Chemosphere 70(10):1873-1878

#### **Bacteria toxicity:**

no data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability



#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: no data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

no data available

# 12.5 Results of PBT/vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

## **Appropriate disposal / Product**

Dispose according to legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Waste code product: no data available

#### Appropriate disposal / Package

Dispose according to legislation. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

# **Additional information**

no data available

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# Land transport (TDG)

UN-No.: 1993

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (METHANOL/ACETON)

Class(es): 3
Packing group: III
Environmental hazards: No
Marine pollutant: No

Special precautions for user:

# Sea transport (IMDG)

UN-No.: 1993

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (METHANOL/ACETON)

Class(es):

Classification code:

Hazard label(s):

Packing group:

Environmental hazards:

No
Marine pollutant:

No

Special precautions for user:



Segregation group:

EmS-No. F-E S-E

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not relevant

# Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

UN-No.: 1993

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (METHANOL/ACETON)

Class(es):

Classification code:

Hazard label(s): 3
Packing group: III

Special precautions for user:

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Domestic Substance List:



# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H271 - May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H301 - Toxic if swallowed.

H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H371 - May cause damage to organs.

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiensts

DOT - Department of Transportation

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA-DGR - International Air Transport Association-Dangerous Goods Regulations

ICAO-TI - International Civil Aviation Organization-Technical Instructions

IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LTV - Long Term Value

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

STV - Short Term Value

SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern

TDG - Transport of Dangerous Goods

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Training advice: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.



## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] - Classification procedure

Hazard statements	Hazard classes and hazard categories	Classification procedure
H226	Flam. Liq. 3	Data obtained by expert judgement.
H302+H312+H332	Acute Tox. 4	Calculation method.
H370	STOT SE 1	Calculation method.

#### **Additional information**

Indication of changes general update

If you need an explanation of the change, contact the supplier. (SDS@avantorsciences.com)

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guidance. The information in this document is based on the present state knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safty precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. VWR International and his Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling.