

Material Safety Data Sheet

HARLECO Krystalon™



Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product name : HARLECO Krystalon™
Product code : 64969
Synonym : None.
Material uses : Other non-specified industry: Laboratory Reagent Mounting Medium or Liquid Cover Slip
Manufacturer : EMD Chemicals Inc.
P.O. Box 70
480 Democrat Road
Gibbstown, NJ 08027
856-423-6300 Technical Service
Monday - Friday: 8:00 - 5:00 PM
Validation date : 9/12/2007.
Print date : 9/12/2007.
In case of emergency : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)
613-996-6666 CANUTEC (Canada)
24 Hours/Day: 7 Days/Week

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Physical state : Liquid. (Viscous liquid.)
Odor : Aromatic.
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Emergency overview : DANGER!
FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.
VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.
VAPOR HARMFUL.
HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED.
HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD.
CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE BIRTH DEFECT.
CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: KIDNEYS, LIVER, RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA, NOSE, SINUSES
WARNING: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.
Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid exposure during pregnancy.
Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects
Eyes : Irritating to eyes.
Skin : Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Inhalation : Toxic by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.
Ingestion : Very toxic if swallowed.
Carcinogenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity / Reproductive toxicity : Contains material which can cause birth defects.

Continued on Next Page

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure : Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce lung damage. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

See toxicological information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

United States

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>% by Weight</u>
Toluene	108-88-3	50 - 60
Poly (Ethyl Methacrylate)	28572-98-7	30 - 40
Benzyl butyl phthalate	85-68-7	4 - 7
Butylhydroxytoluene	128-37-0	0.1 - 0.9

Section 4. First Aid Measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wear gloves. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Move exposed person to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Products of combustion** : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Not available.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Toluene)
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Dangerous fire and explosion risk. Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
- Methods for cleaning up** : If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials) and use a non-sparking or explosion-proof means to transfer material to a sealable, appropriate container for disposal. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

- Handling** : Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Storage** : Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Product name

United States

Toluene

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2005). Skin Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A -- Carcinogens.

TWA: 188 mg/m³ 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms

NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001).

STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms

TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hour/hours. Form: All forms

TWA: 100 ppm 10 hour/hours. Form: All forms

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 8/1997).

AMP: 500 ppm 10 minute/minutes. Form: All forms

CEIL: 300 ppm Form: All forms

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: See Table Z-2.

STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms

TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Personal protection**
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
Recommended: face shield
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Body: Recommended: lab coat and gloves
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Recommended: Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Vapor respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

- Physical state** : Liquid. (Viscous liquid.)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 4.4444°C (40°F).
- Auto-ignition temperature** : The lowest known value is 535.85°C (996.5°F) (Toluene).
- Flammable limits** : The greatest known range is Lower: 1.1% Upper: 7.1% (Toluene)
- Color** : Colorless.
- Odor** : Aromatic.
- Boiling/condensation point** : The lowest known value is 110.45°C (230.8°F) (Toluene). Weighted average: 134.05°C (273.3°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : May start to solidify at <-35°C (-31°F) based on data for: Benzyl butyl phthalate. Weighted average: -89.36°C (-128.8°F)
- Critical temperature** : The lowest known value is 318.7°C (605.7°F) (Toluene).
- Relative density** : Weighted average: 0.96 (Water = 1)
- Vapor density** : The highest known value is 10.8 (Air = 1) (Benzyl butyl phthalate). Weighted average: 3.84 (Air = 1)
- Odor threshold** : The lowest known value is 40 ppm (Toluene)
- Evaporation rate** : The highest known value is 2 (Toluene) Weighted average: 1.82 compared with Butyl acetate.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

- Stability and reactivity** : The product is stable.
- Conditions of instability** : Avoid excessive heat. (Benzyl butyl phthalate)
- Incompatibility with various substances** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, oxidizing materials and acids.
Avoid Heat Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- Hazardous decomposition products** : COx
- Hazardous polymerization** : Will not occur.
- Conditions of reactivity** : Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, shocks and mechanical impacts and oxidizing materials.
Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat, shocks and mechanical impacts and oxidizing materials.
Dangerous fire and explosion risk.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Toxicity data

United States

Product/ingredient name

<u>Product/ingredient name</u>	<u>Test</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Route</u>	<u>Species</u>
Toluene	LD50	636 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LDLo	50 mg/kg	Oral	human
	LC50	49 mg/m ³ (4 hour/hours)	Inhalation	Rat
Benzyl butyl phthalate	LD50	2330 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LD50	4170 mg/kg	Oral	Mouse
	LD50	13750 mg/kg	Oral	Guinea pig
	LD50	6700 mg/kg	Dermal	Rat
	LD50	6700 mg/kg	Dermal	Mouse

- Chronic effects on humans** : **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS** Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [Toluene]. Classified None. by NIOSH [Benzyl butyl phthalate]. Classified 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [Benzyl butyl phthalate]. Classified None. by NIOSH [Butylhydroxytoluene]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [Butylhydroxytoluene].
Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea, nose/sinuses.

- Other toxic effects on humans** : Extremely hazardous in case of ingestion.
Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation (lung irritant).
Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

- Special remarks on other toxic effects on humans** : VAPOR HARMFUL

Specific effects

- Carcinogenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity / Reproductive toxicity** : Contains material which can cause birth defects.

Sensitization

- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Irritating to respiratory system.
- Eyes** : Irritating to eyes.
- Skin** : Irritating to skin.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity data

United States

Product/ingredient name

Product/ingredient name	Species	Period	Result
Toluene	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour/hours	6 mg/l
	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour/hours	6.56 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (EC50)	48 hour/hours	6.78 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	5.8 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	6.78 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	12.6 mg/l
Benzyl butyl phthalate	Selenastrum capricornutum (EC50)	48 hour/hours	0.21 mg/l
	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour/hours	>0.96 mg/l
	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour/hours	1 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	>0.78 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	0.82 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	1.5 mg/l

Environmental precautions : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Products of degradation : These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) and water.

Toxicity of the products of biodegradation : The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.


RCRA classification : **Code:** (1)

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport Information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1294	Toluene Solution	3	II		Not available.

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory Information

United States

HCS Classification : Flammable liquid
Highly toxic material
Irritating material
Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(b) inventory: Listed
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Benzyl butyl phthalate: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard;
Toluene : Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Toluene
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

SARA 313

	<u>Product name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
Form R - Reporting requirements	: Toluene	108-88-3	50 - 60
Supplier notification	: Toluene	108-88-3	50 - 60

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations : Pennsylvania RTK: Butylhydroxytoluene: (generic environmental hazard); Benzyl butyl phthalate: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard); Toluene : (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard)
Massachusetts RTK: Butylhydroxytoluene; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene
New Jersey: Krystalon ^TM
WARNING: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>	<u>No significant risk level</u>	<u>Maximum acceptable dosage level</u>
Toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 µg/day (ingestion) 13000 µg/day (inhalation)
Benzyl butyl phthalate	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-2: Flammable liquid
Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).

CEPA DSL/CEPA NDSL : CEPA DSL: Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene ; Poly (Ethyl Methacrylate)

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

EU regulations

Hazard symbol/symbols :



Risk phrases : R11- Highly flammable.
R20- Harmful by inhalation.

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Safety phrases : S2- Keep out of the reach of children.
S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

International regulations

International lists : Australia (NICNAS): Butylhydroxytoluene; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene ; Poly (Ethyl Methacrylate)

China: Butylhydroxytoluene; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene

Germany water class: Butylhydroxytoluene; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene

Japan (METI): Butylhydroxytoluene; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene ; Poly (Ethyl Methacrylate)

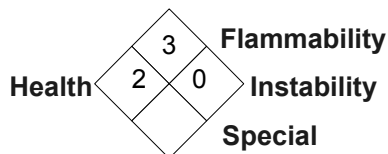
Korea (TCCL): Butylhydroxytoluene; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene ; Poly (Ethyl Methacrylate)

Philippines (RA6969): Butylhydroxytoluene; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Toluene

Section 16. Other Information

Label requirements : DANGER!
FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.
VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE.
VAPOR HARMFUL.
HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED.
HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD.
CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE BIRTH DEFECT.
CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: KIDNEYS, LIVER, RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA, NOSE, SINUSES
WARNING: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



Notice to reader

The statements contained herein are based upon technical data that EMD Chemicals Inc. believes to be reliable, are offered for information purposes only and as a guide to the appropriate precautionary and emergency handling of the material by a properly trained person having the necessary technical skills. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use, storage and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment. EMD CHEMICALS INC. MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS.