

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification Product name

Amersham[™] ECL[™] start Western blotting reagent, for 4000 cm² membrane

Catalogue Number

RPN3244

Other means of identificationNot available.Product typeLiquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in laboratories

Industrial applications: Analytical reagent. Research.

Supplier

Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313 Cytiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MA 01752 1-800-526-3593

In case of emergency INFOTRAC - 24 Hou

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053 Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION [Unborn child] - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification	Mixture Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	Not applicable.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
trometamol 1,2,4-triazole		3 - 5 0.1 - 1	77-86-1 288-88-0
Any concentration shown as a range	ge is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch var	iation.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

,	
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/effec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
See toxicological information (S	ection 11)



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for contain	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water- soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits trometamol ethanediol 1,2,4-triazole	- - -
Appropriate engineering controls	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Clear. Colorless.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	9.4 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	Not available.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.
	Net evellette
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
SADT	Not available.

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Viscosity	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.

Aerosol product

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be
products	produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Specie		Se	Exposure
1,2,4-triazole	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat		29 mg/kg 75 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2,4-triazole	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	50 milligrams 0.5 Grams	-
Sensitization Not available.					
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Not available.					
Carcinogenicity					
Not available.					
Reproductive toxicity Not available.					
Teratogenicity Not available.					
Specific target organ toxicity (s Not available.	<u>ingle exposure)</u>				
Specific target organ toxicity (re Not available.	epeated exposure)				
Aspiration hazard Not available.					
Information on the likely routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: C	oral, Dermal, Inhala	ation.		
Potential acute health effects					
Eye contact	No known significant effects of	or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition per following exposure.		e a health haza	rd. Serious effect	s may be delayed
Skin contact	No known significant effects of				
Ingestion	No known significant effects of	or critical hazards.			
Symptoms related to the physica	I, chemical and toxicological	characteristics			
Eye contact	No specific data.				
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may inclu- reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	de the following:			

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Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may i reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths	nclude the follow	ving:			
	skeletal malformations					
Delayed and immediate effects a	ind also chronic effects fr	om short and lo	ong term ex	posure		
Short term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	Not available.					
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.					
Potential chronic health effects Not available.						
General	No known significant effe	cts or critical haz	zards.			
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effe	cts or critical haz	zards.			
Mutagenicity	No known significant effe					
Teratogenicity	Suspected of damaging t					
Developmental effects	No known significant effe No known significant effe					
Fertility effects	No known significant ene		zarus.			
Numerical measures of toxicity						
Acute toxicity estimates						
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Amersham ECL start Western blo	otting reagent, for 4000	25000	N/A	N/A	N/A	I) N/A
cm2 membrane ethanediol		500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-triazole		1375	3129	N/A	N/A	N/A
Section 12. Ecological in	formation					
Toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result		Speci	es		Exposure
1,2,4-triazole	Acute EC50 98.1 ppm Fr Acute LC50 498 ppm Fre		Daphi	nia - Daphnia ma Oncorhynchus r	0	48 hours 96 hours
Persistence and degradability						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Phot	olysis		Biodegradab	ility
trometamol	-	-			Readily	
Bioaccumulative potential					_	
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF			Potential	
1,2,4-triazole	-0.58	1			low	
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K oc)	Not available.					
Other adverse effects	No known significant effe	cts or critical haz	zards.			
Section 13. Disposal cor	siderations					
Disposal methods	The generation of waster product, solutions and an environmental protection requirements. Dispose of contractor. Waste should requirements of all autho or landfill should only be must be disposed of in a have not been cleaned of Avoid dispersal of spilled	y by-products sh and waste dispo f surplus and no d not be disposed rities with jurisdio considered wher safe way. Care r rinsed out. Em	nould at all tin psal legislatic n-recyclable d of untreate ction. Waste n recycling is should be ta pty containe	mes comply with on and any region products via a lin d to the sewer un packaging shout not feasible. Th ken when handli rs or liners may r	the requirement nal local author censed waste of nless fully com- uld be recycled. his material and ng emptied cor etain some pro-	nts of ity disposal oliant with the Incineration its container ntainers that duct residues.



Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

Section 15. Regulato	rv information	-								
U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Hydrogen chloride									
Clean Air Act Section 112(b (HAPs)) Hazardous Air Polluta	ints	Listed							
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances			Not listed							
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances			Not listed							
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)			Not listed							
DEA List II Chemicals (Esse	ential Chemicals)		Not liste	d						
<u>SARA 302/304</u>										
Composition/information of	on ingredients									
				SARA 3	02 TPQ	SARA 304	4 RQ			
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)			
Hydrogen chloride		0.01	Yes.	500	50.8	5000	508.2			
SARA 304 RQ	50000000 lbs / 22	700000 kg	9							
SARA 311/312										
Classification	TOXIC TO REPRO	ODUCTIO	N (Unborn ch	nild) - Cate	gory 2					
Composition/information of	on ingredients									
Name	%	-	lassification	-						
trometamol	≤5		KIN IRRITAT YF IRRITATI							
ethanediol					EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4					
1,2,4-triazole	<1		CUTE TOXIC YE IRRITATI							
					ION (Unborn child)	- Category	2			
<u>SARA 313</u>										
	Product name				CAS number	%				
Form R - Reporting	ethanediol				107-21-1	1 - 3	3			
requirements	athonodial				107 01 1	4	0			
Supplier notification	ethanediol				107-21-1	1 - 3				
SARA 313 notifications mus redistribution of the notice a					stribution of the SDS	S shall inclu	de copying and			
State regulations										
Massachusetts	The following com	ponents a	re listed: ETI	HYLENE G	LYCOL					
New York	Ū	The following components are listed: Ethylene glycol								
New Jersey	-	The following components are listed: ETHYLENE GLYCOL; 1,2-ETHANEDIOL								
Pennsylvania	The following com	ponents a	are listed: 1,2	-ETHANEL	DIOL					
California Prop. 65										
Ingredient name					No significant risk		num acceptable			
Ethylene Glycol				-	evel	Yes.	ge level			
International regulations										
Chemical Weapon Conven	tion List Schedules I, II	& III Cher	micals							
Not listed.										
Montreal Protocol										
Not listed.										
Stockholm Convention on	Persistent Organic Poll	lutants								
Not listed.	<u> </u>									
Rotterdam Convention on	Prior Informed Consent	t (PIC)								
Not listed.		<i>/</i>								
	n DODs and Loousy Mate	ale								
UNECE Aarhus Protocol o	n FOPS and Heavy Meta	115								

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Not listed Inventory list

Not determined.
Not determined.
Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk

Procedure used to derive the classification Classification

Classi	fication	Justification				
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2		Calculation method				
History						
Date of printing	2/9/2021					
Date of issue/Date of revision	2/8/2021					
Date of previous issue	9/16/2019					
Version	4					
	sds_author@cytiva.com					
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations					
References	Not available.					

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

