

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification Product name

Prostaglandin E₂ standard; part of 'Prostaglandin E₂ Assay'

Catalogue Number

RPN222

Other means of identification Not available. Product type Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry. Laboratory chemicals

Scientific research and development

Industrial applications: Analytical chemistry. Laboratory use. Scientific research and development.

HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313	Supplier	0
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Cytiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MA 01752 1-800-526-3593

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053 Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 100%
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed.
Response	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.
Section 3. Compositio	n/information on ingredients

Mixture		
Not available.		
Not applicable.		
	%	CAS number
	99.99	64-17-5
	Not available.	Not available. Not applicable. %

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	

Potential acute health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		
No specific treatment.		
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		
See toxicological information (Section 11)		



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.



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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits ethanol	-
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Alcohol-like. [Slight]
Odor threshold	5 to 10 ppm
рН	Not available.
Melting point	-114°C (-173.2°F)
Boiling point	78.4°C (173.1°F)
Flash point	Closed cup: 12.9°C (55.2°F) Open cup: 13°C (55.4°F)
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	1.7 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Lower: 3.3% Upper: 19%
Vapor pressure	5.3 kPa (40 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	1.6 [Air = 1]
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	398.9°C (750°F)

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Decomposition temperature	Not available.
SADT	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.

Aerosol product

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

	<u></u>			
<u>Acute toxicity</u> Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
			J. J.	
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>				
Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Not available.				
Carcinogenicity				
Not available.				
Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity				
Not available.				
<u>Teratogenicity</u>				
Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (s	<u>single exposure)</u>			
Not available.				
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (r</u>	<u>epeated exposure)</u>			
Not available.				
Aspiration hazard				
Not available.				
Not available.				
Information on the likely routes	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, De	rmal, Inhalation.		
of exposure				
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critica	al hazards.		
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critica			
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critica	al hazards.		
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critica	al hazards.		
Symptoms related to the physica	II, chemical and toxicological charac	<u>cteristics</u>		
Eye contact	No specific data.	-		
Inhalation	No specific data.			
Skin contact	No specific data.			
Ingestion	No specific data.			
-	nd also chronic effects from short a	nd long term eve	osure	
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<u>Short term exposure</u>				

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Potential immediate effects	Not available.	,				
Potential delayed effects	Not available.					
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	Not available.				
Potential chronic health effects						
Not available.						
General	No known significant	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Carcinogenicity	-	No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	No known significant No known significant					
Developmental effects	No known significant					
Fertility effects	No known significant					
Numerical measures of toxicity						
Acute toxicity estimates						
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal	Inhalation	Inhalation	Inhalation
			(mg/kg)	(gases) (ppm)	(vapors) (mg/l)	(dusts and mists) (mg/
ethanol		7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	I) N/A
Toxicity Draduat/ingradiant name	Beault		Sneei			Evenne
Product/ingredient name	Result		Specie	es		Exposure
ethanol	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water C			Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae		96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 5680 mg Acute LC50 42000 µ Chronic NOEC 4.999 Chronic NOEC 100 u	g/l Fresh water 5 mg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss ater Algae - Ulva pertusa		48 hours 4 days 96 hours 21 days	
Persistence and degradability					-	·
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoc	ulum
ethanol	-	100 % - Readily - 2	0 days	-	-	
Product/ingredient name ethanol	Aquatic half-life	Phot -	olysis		Biodegradabi Readily	lity
Bioaccumulative potential						
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF			Potential	
ethanol	-0.35	0.66			low	
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	Not available.					
Other adverse effects	No known significant	effects or critical haz	zards.			
Section 13. Disposal cor	nsiderations					
Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this					
•	product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of					

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



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Section 14. Transport information

UN number	DOT Classification UN1170	TDG Classification UN1170	Mexico Classification UN1170	
UN proper shipping name	Ethanol solution (Ethyl alcohol	Ethanol (Ethyl alcohol) (ethanol)	Ethanol solution (Ethyl alcohol	
	solution) (ethanol)		solution) (ethanol)	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	
Decking group				
Packing group Environmental hazards	ll No.	ll No.	ll No.	
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the	-	
		following sections of the		
		Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19		
		(Class 3).		
	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1170	UN1170	UN1170	
UN proper shipping name	Ethanol solution (Ethyl alcohol solution) (ethanol)	Ethanol solution (Ethyl alcohol solution) (ethanol)	Ethanol solution (Ethyl alcohol solution) (ethanol)	
Transport hazard class(es)	, (,	3	3	
	3	3	3	
Packing group	II	П	II	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
Additional information	-	-	-	
Special precautions for use		nises: always transport in closed con ansporting the product know what to		
Transport in bulk according Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	g to Not available.			
	oper shipping name	Not available.		
	ip type	Not available.		
Ро	Pollution category Not available.			
Section 15. Regulate	ory information			
U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Part	ial exemption: Not determined		
Clean Air Act Section 112((HAPs)	b) Hazardous Air Pollutants	Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 0	Class I Substances	Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 0		Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Prec	•	Not listed Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Ess SARA 302/304	ential Gileniicais)			
<u>Composition/information</u>	on ingradiants			
No products were found.				
·	Natappliaghla			
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.			
SARA 311/312 Classification	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cate	gory 2		
Composition/information		5 7 -		
Name		ssification		
ethanol	≥90 FLA	MMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		
State regulations				
Massachusetts	The following components are	listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; DENATU	RED ALCOHOL	
New York	None of the components are li			

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New Jersey	The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL
Pennsylvania	The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL; ETHANOL

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classi	fication		Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		On basis of test data	
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	4/27/2021		
Date of issue/Date of revision	4/27/2021		
Date of previous issue	10/4/2019		
Version	10		
	sds_author@cytiva.com		
Key to abbreviations	by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" N/A = Not available UN = United Nations	Association r ngerous Goods I/water partition coefficient ion for the Prevention of Po	J
References	Not available.		

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader



Page: 8/9 Validation date 27 April 2021 To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

