

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification

Product name

NHS Mag Sepharose™, 1 x 500 µl

Catalogue Number 28-9440-09

Other means of identification

Product type Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry. Liquid chromatography.

In case of emergency

Scientific research and development

Industrial applications: Analytical chemistry. Liquid chromatography. Scientific research and development.

Supplier Cytiva

Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313

Cvtiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MÁ 01752 1-800-526-3593

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053

Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

1910.1200).

Classification of the substance

or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 15%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 100% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment: 15%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word

Hazard statements Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a wellventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

28944009 Article Number : Page: 1/9



Validation date 12 February 2021

Response IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international Disposal

regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

Inhalation

Skin contact

Article Number :

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture Substance/mixture Other means of identification Not available

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number Not applicable.

% CAS number Ingredient name 100 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected

that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained

breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in Ingestion

a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact Ingestion Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact No specific data. Ingestion No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have

been ingested or inhaled. No specific treatment.

Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water iet.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for

fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Article Number :

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

28944009

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 8°C (39.2 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol -

Appropriate engineering

controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Article Number :

Physical state Liquid. [Liquid.]

Color White. White to yellowish.

 Odor
 Alcohol-like.

 Odor threshold
 40 to 200 ppm

 pH
 Not available.

 Melting point
 -88.9°C (-128°F)

 Boiling point
 82.5°C (180.5°F)

Flash point Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F) Open cup: 11.85°C (53.3°F)

28944009

Burning time

Burning rate

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

1.7 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and

static discharge and heat.

Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.

Lower and upper explosive

Lower: 2% (flammable) limits Upper: 12.7%

Vapor pressure 4.4 kPa (33 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density 2.07 [Air = 1]Relative density Not available. Solubility Not available. Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ Not available.

water

399°C (750.2°F) **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available. SADT Not available. Viscosity Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431) Not available.

Aerosol product

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

Conditions to avoid

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in

low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

products produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose **Exposure** LD50 Dermal Rabbit 12800 mg/kg Isopropyl alcohol LD50 Oral Rat 5000 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

NTP Product/ingredient name **OSHA** IARC Isopropyl alcohol 3

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name Category Route of exposure Target organs Isopropyl alcohol Category 3 Not applicable. Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

28944009 Article Number :



Not available.

Information on the likely routes

of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionCan cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact No specific data.
Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Media in 100% Isopropanol (Mag Sepharose only) - GROUP	6500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propan-2-ol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient nameResultSpeciesExposureIsopropyl alcoholAcute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water
Acute LC50 1400000 μg/l Marine water
Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna
Crustaceans - Crangon crangon
Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha48 hours
96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient nameAquatic half-lifePhotolysisBiodegradabilityIsopropyl alcohol-95%; 21 day(s)-

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient nameLogPowBCFPotentialIsopropyl alcohol0.050.5low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K Not available.

oc)

Article Number: 28944009



Page: 6/9

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification

UN number UN1219

UN proper shipping name ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)

Transport hazard class(es) 3



No.

Packing group
Environmental hazards
Additional information

TDG Classification

ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)



UN1219

n No.

Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

Mexico Classification

UN1219

3

ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)



No.

(Olass 5).

UN number UN1219
UN proper shipping name ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl

alcohol)

Transport hazard class(es)



ADR/RID

Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
Additional information -

IMDG

ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)

3



UN1219

II No. IATA UN1219

ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)

3



II No.

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Not available.

Proper shipping name Ship type

Pollution category

nme Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants Not listed

(HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

Article Number: 28944009 Page: 7/9

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Classification

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Composition/information on ingredients

Name Classification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 propan-2-ol >90

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic

effects) - Category 3

State regulations

Massachusetts The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL

New York None of the components are listed.

New Jersey The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL

The following components are listed: 2-PROPANOL Pennsylvania

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed

Inventory list

United States All components are listed or exempted. Europe All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright @1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

Justification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

Calculation method Calculation method

On basis of test data

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

28944009 Article Number : Page: 8/9

History

Date of printing2/15/2021Date of issue/Date of revision2/12/2021Date of previous issue2/12/2020

Version 8

sds_author@cytiva.com

Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations Not available.

References

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.