

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States				
Section 1. Identification Product name	NHS Mag Sep	harose™, 4 x 500 μl		
Catalogue Number	28-9513-80	9 0 2 8 9 5 1 3 8 0		
Other means of identification Product type	Not available. Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of the second	ubstance or mixture and uses	advised against		
Identified uses Analytical chemistry. Liquid chromatography. Scientific research and developm Industrial applications: Analytical		hy. Scientific research and development.		
Supplier	Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313	Cytiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MA 01752 1-800-526-3593		
In case of emergency	INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number Outside of the United States, o	: 1-800-535-5053 call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)		
Section 2. Hazards ident	ification			
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered ha 1910.1200).	zardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR		
Classification of the substance or mixture	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cate EYE IRRITATION - Category SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN			
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 15% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 15%			
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	Danger			
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and va Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizz			
Precautionary statements				
Prevention	open flames and other ignitior lighting and all material-handli measures against static disch	eve or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, ng equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary arge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well- ng vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.		

Article Number :

28951380



Page: 1/9 Validation date 11 February 2021

Response	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.			
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.			
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.			
Hazards not otherwise	None known.			
classified				
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients				
Substance/mixture	Mixture			
Other means of identification	Not available.			
CAS number/other identifiers				
CAS number	Not applicable.			
Ingredient name	% CAS number			
Isopropyl alcohol	100 67-63-0			

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Article Number :

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures			
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for contain	inment and cleaning up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.			

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 8°C (39.2 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits Ingredient name Isopropyl alcohol	Exposure limits
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	Liquid. [Liquid.]
Color	White. White to yellowish.
Odor	Alcohol-like.
Odor threshold	40 to 200 ppm
рН	Not available.
Melting point	-88.9°C (-128°F)
Boiling point	82.5°C (180.5°F)
Flash point	Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F) Open cup: 11.85°C (53.3°F)
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	1.7 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
	Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Lower: 2% Upper: 12.7%
Vapor pressure	4.4 kPa (33 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	2.07 [Air = 1]
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility	Not available.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	399°C (750.2°F)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
SADT	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.
Aerosol product	

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		Rabbit Rat	12800 mg/kg 5000 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion Not available.					
Sensitization Not available.					
Mutagenicity Not available.					
Carcinogenicity Not available.					
Classification Product/ingredient name Isopropyl alcohol	<b>OSHA IARC</b> - 3	NTP -			
Reproductive toxicity Not available.					
Teratogenicity Not available.					
Specific target organ toxicity (s	<u>ingle exposure)</u>				
Name Isopropyl alcohol		Cate Cate	<b>gory</b> egory 3	Route of exposure Not applicable.	Target organs Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity (re Not available.	epeated exposure)				
Aspiration hazard					

	Not	available.	
--	-----	------------	--

Information on the likely routes Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. of exposure

Potential acute health effects						
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation	on.				
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous	s system (CNS)	depression.	May cause drow	wsiness or dizz	iness.
Skin contact	No known significant effec					
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous	s system (CNS)	depression.			
Symptoms related to the physica	I, chemical and toxicologi	cal characteris	<u>stics</u>			
Eye contact Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may in pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may in nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo		-			
	unconsciousness					
Skin contact	No specific data.					
Ingestion	No specific data.					
Delayed and immediate effects a	nd also chronic effects fro	om short and lo	ong term exp	<u>osure</u>		
<u>Short term exposure</u>						
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.					
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	Not available.					
Potential chronic health effects Not available.						
General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects	No known significant effec No known significant effec No known significant effec No known significant effec No known significant effec	ts or critical haz ts or critical haz ts or critical haz	zards. zards. zards.			
Fertility effects	No known significant effec					
Numerical measures of toxicity	-					
Acute toxicity estimates						
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal	Inhalation	Inhalation	Inhalation
			(mg/kg)	(gases) (ppm)	(vapors) (mg/l)	(dusts and mists) (mg/ l)
Media in 100% Isopropanol (Mag propan-2-ol	Sepharose only) - GROUP	6500 5000	N/A 12800	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Section 12. Ecological in	formation					
Toxicity Product/ingredient name Isopropyl alcohol	<b>Result</b> Acute EC50 10100 mg/l F Acute LC50 1400000 μg/l Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fre	Marine water	Crustad	<b>s</b> ia - Daphnia ma ceans - Crango Rasbora heteror	n crangon	<b>Exposure</b> 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Persistence and degradability Product/ingredient name Isopropyl alcohol	Aquatic half-life -		<b>olysis</b> 21 day(s)		Biodegradabi -	lity
Bioaccumulative potential Product/ingredient name Isopropyl alcohol	LogP <sub>ow</sub> 0.05	<b>BCF</b> 0.5			Potential low	
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K oc)	Not available.					

Article Number :

28951380

Page: 6/9 Validation date 11 February 2021

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification
UN number	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219
UN proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)	ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)	ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	I	I	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19	-
		(Class 3).	
	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219
UN proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)	ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)	ISOPROPANOL (Isopropyl alcohol)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	I	I	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information		-	-
Special precautions for user		nises: always transport in closed con ransporting the product know what to	
Transport in bulk according to	Not available.		

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Transport in bulk according to N Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Proper shipping name Ship type Pollution category

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed



, in the many opposition of the second	56 p.	20 00 00
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information o	n ingredients	
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.	
SARA 311/312		
Classification	FLAMMABLE LIQU EYE IRRITATION SPECIFIC TARGE	
Composition/information o	n ingredients	
Name	%	Classification
propan-2-ol	≥90	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
State regulations		
Massachusetts New York	The following com None of the compo	ponents are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL onents are listed.
New Jersey	The following com	ponents are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL
Pennsylvania	The following com	ponents are listed: 2-PROPANOL
California Prop. 65		
This product does not re	equire a Safe Harbor war	ning under California Prop. 65.
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion List Schedules I, II	& III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on	Porsistant Organic Poll	utante
Not listed.		
Rotterdam Convention on I	Prior Informed Consent	<u>t (PIC)</u>
Not listed.		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol or	POPs and Heavy Meta	ls
Not listed.		
Inventory list		
United States	All components are	e listed or exempted.
Europe	All components are	e listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	All components are	e listed or exempted.
Section 16 Other info	rmation	

# Section 16. Other information

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

#### Classification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

#### Justification

Article Number :

History	
Date of printing	2/12/2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	2/11/2021
Date of previous issue	1/24/2020
Version	8
	sds_author@cytiva.com
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations
References	Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

