Material Safety Data Sheet

United States English

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name HiTrap™ Chelating HP 1 ml, 5 x 1 ml

Catalogue Number 17-0408-01

Material uses Industrial applications: Analytical chemistry. Research. Liquid chromatography.

Product type Liquid.

Validation date17 September 2013Print date17 September 2013SupplierGE Healthcare UK Ltd
Amersham Place

Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA England +44 0870 606 1921

 In case of emergency
 US
 ChemTrec (US)
 1-800-424-9300

 Canada
 ChemTrec (US)
 1-703-527-3887

2. Hazards identification

Physical state Liquid. [and Suspension.]

Color Solution: Colorless. / Suspension.: White. White to yellowish.

Odor Sweetish. Alcohol-like. [Slight]

Signal word ₩ARNING!

Hazard statements

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY

TRACT AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER

HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

Precautionary measuresSo not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions

before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly

after handling.

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eyes Irritating to eyes.

Skin Moderately irritating to the skin.

InhalationModerately irritating to the respiratory system.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effectsContains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: kidneys.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, the reproductive system, liver,

upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing



Target organs

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ingestion No specific data.

Skin Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eyes Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be agaravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

 Name
 CAS number
 % by weight

 €thanol
 64-17-5
 14 - 19

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

n case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs,

provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,

belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the

risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Protection of first-aiders

Suitable Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No

action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire

area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous combustion products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for

Methods for cleaning up

fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautionsNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding

areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on

appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform

the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Disposa of via a licensed

place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



Small spill

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling

Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 30°C (39.2 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient

Ethanol

Exposure limits

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A -- Carcinogens.

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Notes:

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Engineering measures

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use.

Hands

Themical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene

Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields

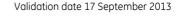
Skin

Fersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Recommended: lab coat



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Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid. [and Suspension.]

Flash point Closed cup: 38 to 43°C (100.4 to 109.4°F)

Color Solution: Colorless. / Suspension.: White to yellowish.

Odor Sweetish. Alcohol-like. [Slight]

TasteAlcohol-like.Volatility14 to 19% (w/w)Odor threshold180 ppmIonicity (in water)Non-ionic.

Solubility Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind

or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient nameResultSpeciesDoseExposureEthanolLC50 Inhalation VaporRat124700 mg/m³4 hours

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion
Conclusion/Summary

Skin Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

<u>Sensitizer</u>

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name OSHA IARC NTP ACGIH EPA NIOSH Ethanol - 1 - 1 - A3 - -

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary Not available

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.



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Section 12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name

Ethanol Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water

Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water

Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water Not available.

Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water

Larvae

Species

Algae - Ulva pertusa

Daphnia - Daphnia magna

Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Ulva pertusa

Crustaceans - Artemia franchiscana -

48 hours 4 days 96 hours

Inoculum

Exposure

96 hours

48 hours

Conclusion/Summary Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name Test Result Dose **E**thanol 100 % - Readily - 20

days

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Toxicity of the products of biodegradation

The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Waste stream

Code: D001 Classification: Ignitability

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 14. Transport information

IATA-DGR Class Classes PG*

PG*: Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification Combustible liquid

Irritating material Carcinoaen Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Inited States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Not listed

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients



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No products were found

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name Fire Sudden Reactive **Immediate** Delayed hazard release of (acute) health (chronic) hazard health hazard pressure **Ethanol** 14 - 19 Yes Nο Nο Yes Yes

State regulations

Massachusetts The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL

New York None of the components are listed.

New Jersey
The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL
Pennsylvania
The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient nameCancerReproductiveNo significant risk level
dosage level
No.Maximum acceptable
dosage level
No.ÉthanolYes.No.No.No.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

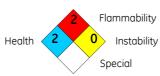
Section 16. Other information

Label requirements

LAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)





Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<u>History</u>

Date of printing17 September 2013Date of previous issue23 November 2007

Date of issue 17 September 2013 **Version** 5.1

Notice to reader



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040801



Version 5.1

Validation date 17 September 2013

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



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